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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/540,168	08/29/2005	Burkhard Kohler	100717-670-KGB	100717-670-KGB 8879	
	7590 06/19/200 AUGHLIN & MARC		EXAMINER		
875 THIRD AVENUE			HAQ, SHAFIQUL		
	18TH FLOOR NEW YORK, NY 10022		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
•			1641		
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/540,168	KOHLER ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Shafiqul Haq	1641				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address						
Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 5/21/	<u>07</u> .					
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL . 2b)☐ This	This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.					
• •	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-4 and 6-17</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6) Claim(s) <u>1-4 and 6-17</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers						
9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.					
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:						
 Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	A\ 🖂 Intocia C	(DTO 442)				
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Paper No(s)/Mail Date.						
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6/17/05. 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) 6) Other:						

DETAILED ACTION

- Applicant's request filed 12/21/06 for reconsideration of the finality of the rejection of the last Office action (11/21/06) is persuasive and, therefore, the finality of that action is withdrawn.
- 2. Applicant's amendments filed May 21, 2007 is acknowledged and entered.
- 3. Claims 1-4 and 6-17 are pending and under active prosecution.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

4. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

- 5. Claims 1-4 and 6-17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.
- 6. Claim 1 recites the phrase "mixing starting material of the nanoparticles" in line 2. "Starting materials" is not clearly defined in the specification and it is unclear what components or compounds are encompassed by the term "starting materials of the nanoparticles" i.e. components or compounds in the starting materials of nanoparticles are vague and indefinite.
- 7. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

Claims 2, 4, 14 and 15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 1 12, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claims contains subject matter which was not described in the-specification in such a way as to

reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventort(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention.

Applicant has no support in the originally filed specification or claims for the process as described in claim 1 wherein metal salt nanoparticles are undoped with one or more elements of lanthanides and/or Mn, Ag, Cu, Pb, Bi, Cr, Sn or Sb. Lines 1-3 of the specification disclose the nanoparticles, in addition, be doped with one or more elements of lanthanides and/or Mn, Ag, Cu, Pb, Bi, Cr, Sn or Sb, but, the specification, however, does not disclose nanoparticles, in addition, be **undoped** with one or more elements of lanthanides and/or Mn, Ag, Cu, Pb, Bi, Cr, Sn or Sb.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

8. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- Claims 1-3 and 6 are again rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Haubold et al (US 2003/0032192A1).

Haubold et al disclose synthesis of metal salt nanopaticles (paragraphs [0001] and [0021]) comprising synthesizing the nanoparticle in a synthesis mixture (paragraph [0022]) and growing the nanoparticle wherein growth of the nanoparticle is controlled by growth controlling element (i.e. modifying reagent. e.g.

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phosphororganic compound, an amine compound, monoalkyl amine, dialkyl amine etc.) (paragraphs [0023], [0041], [0056], [0074-0076], [0115-0116] and [0134]) suitable for subsequent use of the nanoparticles after synthesis. Haubold et al. also disclose modifying reagent comprising first functional group (e.g. phosphate group) for coupling to nanoparticles and a second functional group (e.g. carboxylate) capable of binding to further molecules (see claims 3 and 6 and the fig. in front page). See claim 3 of Haubold, which discloses growth-controlling component comprising phosphate group and carboxylic acid group (see claim 6, wherein R1, R2 and R3 of claim 1 are alkane chains carry at least one carboylate group, amino groups, mercapto group, cyano group etc.).

As for claims 2-3, Haubold et al disclose nanoparticles in which host material can include compounds selected from phosphates, halophosphates, borates, aluminates, silicates, molybdates and germinates ([paragraph 0021]), all of which can also, in addition, be doped with one or more elements of lanthanides and/or Mn, Ag, Cu, Pb, Bi, Cr, Sn or Sb (paragraphs [0105], [0108-0111] and claims 8,19-34).

Therefore, the reference is deemed to anticipate the cited claims.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

10. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

⁽a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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11. Claims 4 and 14-15 are again rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Haubold et al.

See above for teaching of Haubold et al.

Haubodl et al differ from the instant invention in failing to teach different concentrations of doping elements in host lattice.

As evidenced from the requirement of a wide rage on concentration of doping elements (see claims 4 and 14-15), the concentration of doping elements in host lattice is not critical to the practice of this invention and the optimum concentration of doping elements in host lattice can be determined by routine experimentation and thus would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to discover an optimum value of a result effective variable. "[W]here the general conditions of claim are disclosed in the prior art, it is not inventive to discover the optimum or workable ranges by routine experimentation." Application of Aller, 220 F.2d 454,456, 105 USPQ 223, 235-236 (C.C.P.A. 1955). "No invention is involved in discovering optimum ranges of a process by routine experimentation." Id. At 458,105 USPQ at 236-237. The "discovery of an optimum value of a result effective variable is a known process is ordinary within the skill of the art." Application of Boesch, 617 F.2d 272,276,205 USPQ 215, 218-219 (C.C.P.A. 1980).

Response to Argument

12. Applicant's amendments and arguments filed 5/21/07 have fully been fully considered, and are persuasive to overcome the rejections under 35 USC 112 2nd

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paragraph, but they are not persuasive to overcome the rejections under 35 USC 102 and 35 USC 103. Furthermore, Applicant's amendments necessitated new ground of rejections under 35 USC 112 2nd paragraph and 35 USC 112 1st paragraph as described in this office action.

With regard to 35 USC 102 and 103 rejections over Haubold et al., Applicants argued that Haubold et al. do not disclose modifying agent exhibiting a first functional group for coupling to nanoparticle and a second functional group for binding to further molecules. Applicant argued that there is no specific teachin in Haubold even of clkane chain in phosphorous-containing molecule having even one functional group. These arguments are however, not convincing because as described in paragraph 13 above, Haubold et al. disclose modifying agents such as esters of phosphinic acid, diesters of phosphonic acid {(R₁-)(R₂-)(R₃-O-)P=O; (R₁- $(R_2O_-)(R_3-O_-)P=O$ (see claim 3) wherein R_1 , R_2 and R_3 = alkane chains carry at least one carboylate group, amino groups, mercapto group, cyano group etc. Therefore, the above growth controlling phosphoorganic compound comprises at least two functional groups: a first functional group (e.g. phospho group for coupling to nanoparticle; see the fig. on front page) and a second functional group (e.g. carboxylate, amino, mercapto and cyano) capable of binding to a molecule other than said nonoparticles as claimed in claim 1 of present application.

Conclusion

13. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejections presented in this Office action. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

14. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertiinent to applicant's disclosure.

Hoheisel et al. US Patent Application Publication Number 2004/0014060 A1, disclose nanoparticles comprising a wide variety of host materials doped with lanthanides and other metals but do not disclose modifying reagents (i.e. growth controlling elements) in the preparation of nanoparticles.

15. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Shafiqul Haq whose telephone number is 571-272-6103. The examiner can normally be reached on 7:30AM-4:00PM.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Long V. Le can be reached on 571-272-0823. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

SHAF/QUI/HAQ

EXAMINER

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LONG V LE 66/11/07

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

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